- (3) If the State unit chooses to enter into formal interagency cooperative agreements developed under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the agreements must—
- (i) Identify policies, practices, and procedures that can be coordinated among the agencies (particularly definitions, standards for eligibility, the joint sharing and use of evaluations and assessments, and procedures for making referrals);
- (ii) Identify available resources and define the financial responsibility of each agency for paying for necessary services (consistent with State law) and procedures for resolving disputes between agencies; and
- (iii) Include all additional components necessary to ensure meaningful cooperation and coordination.
- (c) Reciprocal referral services with a separate agency for individuals who are blind. If there is a separate State unit for individuals who are blind, the State plan must assure that the two State units establish reciprocal referral services, use each other's services and facilities to the extent feasible, jointly plan activities to improve services in the State for individuals with multiple impairments, including visual impairments, and otherwise cooperate to provide more effective services, including, if appropriate, entering into a written cooperative agreement.

(Authority: Secs. 101(a)(11) and 101(a)(22) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(11) and 721(a)(22))

§361.24 Coordination with the Statewide Independent Living Council.

The State plan must assure that the State unit will coordinate and establish working relationships with the Statewide Independent Living Council established under 34 CFR part 364 and with independent living centers within the State.

(Authority: Sec. 101(a)(33) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(33))

§ 361.25 Statewideness.

The State plan must assure that services provided under the State plan will be available in all political subdivisions of the State, unless a waiver of statewideness is requested and approved in accordance with §361.26.

(Authority: Section 101(a)(4) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(4))

§ 361.26 Waiver of statewideness.

- (a) Availability. The State unit may provide services in one or more political subdivisions of the State that increase services or expand the scope of services that are available statewide under the State plan if—
- (1) The non-Federal share of the cost of these services is met from funds provided by a local public agency, including funds contributed to a local public agency by a private agency, organization, or individual;
- (2) The services are likely to promote the vocational rehabilitation of substantially larger numbers of individuals with disabilities or of individuals with disabilities with particular types of impairments; and
- (3) The State includes in its State plan, and the Secretary approves, a request for a waiver of the statewideness requirement, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Request for waiver. The request for a waiver of statewideness must—
- (1) Identify the types of services to be provided;
- (2) Contain a written assurance from the local public agency that it will make available to the State unit the non-Federal share of funds;
- (3) Contain a written assurance that State unit approval will be obtained for each proposed service before it is put into effect; and
- (4) Contain a written assurance that all other State plan requirements, including a State's order of selection requirements, will apply to all services approved under the waiver.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820–0500)

(Authority: Sec. 101(a)(4) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 721(a)(4))

§361.27 Shared funding and administration of joint programs.

(a) If the State plan provides for a joint program involving shared funding and administrative responsibility with another State agency or a local public